Jagdish B. Shetty B. Com., F. C. A., D. I. S. A.(ICAI), L. L. B.(Gen.)



SHETTY NAIK & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants

Santosh J. Naik
B. Com., L. L. B., F. C. A., D. I. S. A.(ICAI)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TO,

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

UFO Software Technologies Private Limited
CIN: U74899MH2005PTC284653.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying condensed financial statements of UFO Software Technologies Private Limited (CIN: U74899MH2005PTC284653) (the "Company"), which comprise the Condensed Balance Sheet as at September 30, 2024, the Condensed Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity and the Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the six months period ended on that date and notes to the Condensed Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "condensed financial statements"). The Condensed Financial Statements have been prepared by the management of the company in connection with the proposed Composite Scheme of Arrangement amongst UFO Software Technologies Private Limited ("Demerged Company") and UFO Moviez India Limited ("Resulting Company" or "Transferee Company") and their respective shareholders and creditors.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid condensed financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at September 30, 2024 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the six months period ended on that date.





SHETTY NAIK & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the condensed financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Condensed Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the condensed financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the condensed financial statements.

Management's Responsibilities for the Condensed Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these condensed financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the condensed financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the condensed financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





SHETTY NAIK & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Condensed Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the condensed financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these condensed financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the condensed financial statements,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
 of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's Internal Control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the condensed financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



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SHETTY NAIK & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Condensed financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Condensed financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
 planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant
 deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with the
 relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all
 relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence,
 and where applicable, related safeguards.

Basis of Accounting & Restriction on Use

Without modifying your opinion, we draw your attention to Note 18 of the Condensed Financial Statements which describes the purpose and basis of preparation. The Condensed Financial Statements have been prepared by the Company's Management solely for the purpose as mentioned in the 'Opinion' Paragraph above and accordingly, the condensed Financial Statements may not be suitable for any other purpose. It should not be used by any parties other than the company or the Transferee Company or the demerged Company. It should not be distributed for any purpose other than to meet the legal/regulatory requirements. We do not accept or assume any liability or duty of care to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save as expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

For Shetty Naik & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 124851W

CA. Jagdish Shetty

Partner

Membership No.: 111936

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

UDIN: 241119368KC \$ 152137

UFO Software Technologies Private Limited Balance Sheet as at 30th September, 2024

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Notes	As at	As at
A00770		30th September, 2024	31st March, 2024
ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	1.08	0.72
Other balances with bank		37.64	36.45
Other Financial Assets	3	3.16	3.94
Other Current Assets	4	0.61	0.54
Total Current Assets (A)		42.49	41.66
Total Assets (A)		42.49	41.66
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	5	24.82	24.82
Other Equity	6	14.93	14.12
Total Equity (B)		39.75	38.94
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings			
Trade Payables			
Other Financial Liabilities			
(A) Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises & Small			
Enterprises; and	7		
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro			
Enterprises & Small Enterprises.		0.02	0.31
Short-Term Provisions	8	2.72	2.41
Total Current Liabilities (C)		2.74	2.72
Total Equity and Liabilities (B+C)		42.49	41.66

Significant accounting policies and Notes on Financial Statements

Notes referred to above form an integral part of Financial Statements

For Shetty Naik & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 124851W

CA Jagdish Shetty Partner

Membership No. 111936

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of UFO Software Technologies Private Limited CIN: U74899MH2005PTC284653

Ashish Sadanand Malushte Director

DIN No.00024923

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

Sushil Agrawal Director

DIN No.00003163

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

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UFO Software Technologies Private Limited Statement of Profit & Loss for the Period Ended 30th September, 2024

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		2 7 1 7 7 7	(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Notes	Period Ended 30th September, 2024	Year Ended	
	itotes	John September, 2024	31st March, 2024	
Income				
Revenue from Operations				
Other Income				
Total Income (I)				
Expenses				
Operating Direct Cost				
Employee Benefit Expenses				
Other Expenses	9	0.24	0.99	
Total Expenses (II)		0.24	0.99	
Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation		(0.24)	(0.00)	
and Amortization (EBITDA) (I - II)		(0.24)	(0.99)	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense				
Finance Cost	10	0.08	0.16	
Finance Income	11	(1.44)		
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		1.12	(2.61) 1.46	
Tax Expense				
Current Tax		0.31	0.38	
Tax Expenses relating to prior years		0.31	0.02	
Deferred tax charge / (credit)			0.02	
Total Tax Expense		0.31	0.40	
Profit / (Loss) from continuing operations		0.81	1.06	
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		0.01	1.06	
A) OCI not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period				
B) Re-measurement gains /(losses) on defined benefit plans (net of				
tax impact)				
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		0.81	1.06	
Earnings per equity share (Face Value of Rs. 10 each)	12			
Basic		0.33	0.43	
Diluted		0.33	0.43	

Significant accounting policies and Notes on financial statements Notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements

For Shetty Naik & Associates **Chartered Accountants**

ICAI Firm Registration No. 124851W

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of UFO Software Technologies Private Limited CIN: U74899MH2005PTC284653

CA Jagdish Shetty

Partner

Membership No. 111936

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

Ashish Sadanand Malushte

Director

DIN No.00024923

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

Sushil Agrawal Director

DIN No.00003163

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024



UFO Software Technologies Statement of Cash Flows for the Period E		
		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	30th September, 2024	31st March, 2024
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit Before Tax & Extraordinary items	1.12	1.46
Adjustments for reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
Interest Income	(1.44)	(2.61
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	(0.32)	(1.15)
Movements in working capital:		
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(0.29)	0.04
(Decrease) in short-term provisions		
Decrease / (increase) in current other financial assets	0.89	(2.58)
Decrease / (increase) in other current assets	(0.07)	(0.02
Cash generated from operations	0.21	(3.71
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(0.11)	(0.26
Non Cash Effect of Previous Year Income Tax		(0.02
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	0.10	(3.99
B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Income from Investing Activities	1.44	2.61
Net Cash from / (used) in Investing activities	1.44	2.61
C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net Cash used in Financing activities		-
Net increase in cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	1.54	(1.38
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	37.18	38.56
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year	38.72	37.18
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.01	0.01
Balance with banks:		
on Current accounts	1.07	0.72
on Fixed deposits	37.64	36.45
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer note 2)	38.72	37.18

Notes to Cash Flow Statement

1. Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents include cash and bank balances in current account

2. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard "Ind AS-7 Cash Flow Statement".

For Shetty Naik & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 124851W

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of UFO Software Technologies Private Limited CIN: U74899MHZ005PTC284653

CA Jagdish Shetty

Partner

Membership No. 111936

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

Ashish Sadanand Malushte

Director

DIN No.00024923

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

Sushil Agrawal Director

DIN No.00003163

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

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UFO Software Technologies Private Limited

Notes on Changes in Equity Statement as at 30th September, 2024

A. Equity Share Capital

(Amount in Lakhs) (1) Current reporting period Balance at the end of Changes in equity share Changes in Equity Share Capital Restated balance at the Balance at the beginning of the the current reporting capital during the current beginning of the current due to prior period errors current reporting period 24.82 24.82 24.82

			(Amount in Lakins)
changes in Education		Changes in equity share capital during the current	Balance at the end of the current reporting
due to prior period errors			24.82
	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	changes in Equal (due to prior period errors beginning of the current capital during the current

B. Other Equity

(1) Current reporting period						17 T. 19 149%			Total
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus						Money	Total	
	Capital Reserve	Transaction Cost on Issue of Equity Shares	Unamortised Share Issue Expenses	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensi ve Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensiv e Income	Other items of Other Comprehensi ve Income (specify nature)	received against share warrants	
Balance at the beginning of the	-	-	-	14.12	-	-	-	-	14.12
current reporting period Changes in accounting policy	-				•				
or prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period		-	-	14.12			-	-	14.12
Total Comprehensive Income for the current year	- ,	61K & 4.0	-			-	-		
Dividends	1/3	1 0 40 3 0 1 -		0.81	-				0.81
Transfer to retained earnings Balance at the end of the current reporting period		TO . SA		14.93			SUMARE TECHNO	-	14.93

(2) Previous reporting period									ount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus							Money	Total
	Capital Reserve	Transaction Cost on Issue of Equity Shares	Unamortised Share Issue Expenses	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensi ve Income	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensiv e Income	Other items of Other Comprehensi ve Income (specify nature)	received against share warrants	
Balance at the beginning	-	-	-	13.06	-	-		-	13.06
of the current reporting period Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 7	•
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	•	-		13.06	-	-	· · · ·	-	13.06
Total Comprehensive Income for the current year			-	-					
Dividends				<u>-</u>		-		-	-
Transfer to retained earnings		•	-	1.06		-		-	1.06
Balance at the end of the current reporting period			-	14.12	•	132.2.2.5		-	14.12

For Shetty Naik & Associates **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration No. 124851W

CA Jagdish Shetty Partner

Membership No. 111936

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **UFO Software Technologies Private Limited** CIN: U74899MH2005PTC284653

Ashish Sadanand Malushte

Director

DIN No.00024923 Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

Sushil Agrawal

Director

DIN No.00003163

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024



Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

1. Corporate Information

UFO Software Technologies Private Limited ("the Company) is a private company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India on 20th September 2005. The Company is into the business of providing software solutions and development. The registered office of the Company is located at Office No.902, 9th Floor, Ackruti Star, Central Road, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai Thane MH 400093.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Going Concern:

The financial statements are prepared on going concern basis.

2.2 Basis of Preparation

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) to comply with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the 2013 Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and relevant provisions of The Companies Act, 2013. For all periods up to and for the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared these Financial Statements which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 30th September 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 30th September 2024, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30th September 2024 and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended as on that date, and accounting policies and other explanatory information (together hereinafter referred to as 'financial statements').

The Financial Statements (FS) were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 19th November 2024.

Current versus Non-Current classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized in normal operating cycle or within twelve month after the reporting period or
- Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or due to be settled with in twelve months after the reporting period or
- There is no unconditional rights to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities only.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified period of twelve months as its operating cycle.

The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the company's functional currency

2.3 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of Estimates

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

i. Recognition and measurement

All items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:





Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

- a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired

Expenditure incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the costs are incurred.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land held for use in the production, supply or administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any

Subsequent expenditure

Parts of an item of PPE having different useful lives and significant value and subsequent expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment arising on account of capital improvement or other factors are accounted for as separate components only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

(c) Depreciation on Tangible Fixed Assets

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost. Depreciation is recognised using straight line method as per useful life prescribed under Schedule II of The Companies Act, 2013 for the current financial year.

Depreciation is charged on a monthly pro-rata basis for assets purchased or sold during the year. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss within other gains/ (losses).

The useful life of PPE is the period over which PPE is expected to be available for use by the Group.

The Company reviews the residual value, useful lives and depreciation method annually and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate on a prospective basis.

Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Currently, the company does not have any fixed assets.

(d) Revenue recognition

- In accordance with Ind AS 115, when the outcome of a transaction involving rendering of Services can be estimated reliably and there is no pending performance obligation, revenue associated with the transaction shall be recognised.
- ii. Dividend income, if any, is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.
- iii. Interest income, if any, is recognized in accordance with the Effective Interest Method (EIM) as specified in Ind AS 39, if applicable.
- iv. The Company recognises revenues on sale, net of discounts, sales incentives, rebates granted, returns, sales taxes/GST and duties when the services are rendered to the customer.

(e) Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees which represents the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are generally recognised in profit or loss. Monetary balances arising from the transactions denominated in foreign currency are translated to functional currency using the exchange rate as on the reporting date. Any gains or loss on such translation, are generally recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Current income taxes and deferred tax:

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current Tax:

Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Group operates. The tax rates and tax laws use to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.



Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- When the deferred tax asset/liability relating to the deductible temporary difference
 arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a
 business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting
 profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- There is no probability for reversal of such Deferred Tax Asset / Liability in foreseeable future

In respect of deductible differences associated with investments in subsidiaries deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when the same relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax relating to such items are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Currently, there is no recognition of Deferred Tax in the companies financials as there is no revenue from the operations except for other income.

(f) Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

i. Initial Recognition and Measurement:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs, that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss), are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs, directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii. Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets:

The Group classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) on the basis of both:

(i) Business model for managing the financial assets, and



Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

(ii) The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

A Financial Asset is measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose, objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- (ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows, that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Other financial assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

· Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

a) Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

b) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

c) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or 'FVTPL'. A Financial Liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading or it is a derivative (that does not meet hedge accounting requirements) or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- It has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:



Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

- Such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise;
- The financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and IND AS 109 permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL in accordance with IND AS 109.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on measurement recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. The net gain or loss recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

d) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(g) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the events for bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares).

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/ (loss) after tax as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(h) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Long term provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(j) Measurement of EBITDA:

As per Guidance Note on Division II- Ind AS Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013, the Company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the statement of profit and loss. The Company measures EBITDA on the basis of profit from continuing operations. In its measurement, the Company does not include depreciation and amortization expense, finance costs, finance income and tax expense.

(k) Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions:

The preparation of FS, in conformity with the Ind AS, requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made, that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities on the date of the FS, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and the disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as of the date of the FS. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes different from the estimates. Difference between actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known or materialise. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

(i) Judgements:

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the management makes judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the FS.





Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 30th September 2024

(ii) Estimates and Assumptions:

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of asset and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the FS were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

(iii) Recognition and Measurement of Provisions and Contingencies:

Key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources as disclosed in Note (h) above.





UFO Software Technologies Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements as at 30th September, 2024

te:2 C	ash & Cash Equivalent		(Amount in Lakhs)	
Sr. No	Particulars	As at 30th September, 2024	As at 31st March, 2024	
		Total	Total	
1	Cash-in-Hand			
	In current account	0.01	0.01	
2	Cash on Hand	1.07	0.72	
3	Other Balances With Bank			
	Fixed Deposits (With initial Maturity exceeding 3 months)	37.64	36.45	
	Total	38.72	37.18	

Note: 3 Other Financial Assets - Current

Sr. No	Particulars	As at 30th September, 2024	As at 31st March, 2024	
		Total	Total	
1	Interest Accrued but not Due	2.22	3.11	
2	TDS Receivable & Income Tax (SA Tax)	0.94	0.83	
	Total	3.16	3.94	

Note: 4 Other Current Assets

Sr. No Particulars		As at 30th September, 2024	As at 31st March, 2024	
		Total	Total	
1	TDS	0.13	0.13	
2	GST Credit Receivable	0.48	0.41	
	Total	0.61	0.54	





		UFO Software Tec	hnologies Priv	ate Limited		
	-	tes to Financial Stater	ments as at 30th	September, 2024	~ ~	
Note : 5 Eq Sr. No	uity Share Capital	Doubleston				(Amount in Lakhs) As at
Sr. No		Particulars			30th September,	31st March, 2024
					Total	Total
1	AUTHORIZED CAPITAL				As at 30th September, 2024 Total 25.00 25.00 24.82 Ch holder of equity shard to receive any of the reenumber of equity shard	
	2,50,000 Equity Shares (as at 31st N	March 2024, 2,50,000 I	Equity Shares) of	Rs.10 each		25.00
2	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP CA 2,48,219 equity shares (as at 31st N up		Equity Shares) of	Rs 10/- each fully paid		25.00
	Total				24.82	24.82
one vote p of the com shareholde	er share. In the event of liquidation npany, after distribution of all prefer ers.	of the Company, the hential amounts. The o	nolders of equity distribution will	shares will be entitled be in proportion to the	to receive any of th	ne remaining asset
(5.2) The re	econciliation of number of shares out	standing as on Septen	nber 30, 2024 is	set below:-		
		Particulars			30th September,	As at 31st March, 202
	shares at the beginning Shares issued/ buyback / redeemed d		2,48,219	2,48,219		
	shares at the end				2,48,219	2,48,219
(5.3) Share	es held by each shareholder holding n					
				September, 2024	As at 31st N	
Sr.No.	Name of Sharehol	ders	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares
1	UFO Moviez India Limited (Incldg. Nominee Shareholders)		100%	2,48,219	100%	2,48,219
	Total		100%	2,48,219	100%	2,48,219
regarding	beneficial interests. The above sharel	nolding represents bot	th legal and bene	ficial ownership of sha		
(5.6a) Disc	losure of Shareholding of Promoters	as at 30th September	2024 is as follow	S:		
		Shares held by pro	moters at the en	d of the year		
S.No.	Promoter Name	As at 30th Septe	The state of the s	As at 31st M		% change
		Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	Shares	during the year
1	UFO Moviez India Limited Total	2,48,219	100%	2,48,219		0%
/E 6h) Dis-	closure of Shareholding of Promoters	2,48,219	100%	2,48,219	100%	0%
(3.00) DISC	nosure of Shareholding of Promoters	Shares held by pro		d of the year		
S.No.	Promoter Name	As at 31st Ma	C. CONTRACTOR	As at 31st M	larch 2023	% change
-11151	Tomose Hame	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	Number of Shares	% of Total Shares	during the year
1	UFO Moviez India Limited	2,48,219	100%	2,48,219	100%	0%
	Total	2,48,219	100%	2,48,219	100%	0%
W. All						
Note: 6 C	Other Equity					
Sr. No		Particulars			As at 30th September, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
					Total	Total
1	Profit & Loss Account	and Vani			14.12	42.0

Balance carried forward from Previous Year

Add: Profit for the year

Total



14.12

0.81

14.93

13.06

1.06 14.12

Note : 7 Tra	ade Payables					Amount in Lakhs)
Sr No.		Particulars			As at 30th September, 2024	As at 31st March, 2024
					Total	Total
1	Trade Payables for Services	THE RESERVE OF				
	Total Outstanding dues of Mic					
	Total Outstanding dues of cre-	ditors other than micro	and small enterpri	ses	0.02	0.31
	Total				0.02	0.31
As at Septe	able Ageing Schedule ember 30, 2024				Int. ab. 2	Total
Sr No.	Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	lotai -
(i)	MSME	0.00				0.02
(ii)	Others	0.02				0.02
(iii)	Disputed dues – MSME					
(iv)	Disputed dues - Others					
As at Marc	th 31, 2024					
Sr No.	Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i)	MSME				•	-
(ii)	Others	0.31				0.33
(iii)	Disputed dues – MSME					-
(iv)	Disputed dues - Others	•	- 1		1	-
Note:85	hort Term Provisions					
Sr No.		Particulars			As at 30th September, 2024	As at 31st March, 202
J. 1.0.						
					Total	Total
1	Income Tax Provision				2.72	
	Total				2.72	2.4





UFO Software Technologies Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the Period Ended 30th September, 2024

Note: 9 Other Expense	S
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1 2 3	Particulars	Period Ended 30th September, 2024	Year Ended 31st March, 2024	
		Total	Total	
1	Legal & Professional Expenses	0.21	0.71	
2	Rate & Taxes	0.03	0.02	
3	Audit Fees		0.25	
4	Interest Paid on Outstanding Demand		0.01	
	Total	0.24	0.99	

Note: 10 Finance Cost

Sr. No	Particulars	Period Ended 30th September, 2024	Year Ended 31st March, 2024	
		Total	Total	
1	Bank Charges	0.08	0.13	
2	Interest Paid on Outstanding Demand (SA Tax)		0.03	
	Total	0.08	0.16	

Note: 11 Finance Income

Sr. No	Particulars	Period Ended 30th September, 2024	Year Ended 31st March, 2024	
		Total	Total	
1	Interest on Fixed Deposits	1.44	2.61	
	Total	1.44	2.61	

Note: 12 Earnings Per Share

Sr. No	Particulars	Period Ended 30th September, 2024	Year Ended 31st March, 2024
		Total	Total
1	Profit-Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (Rs. In Lakhs)	0.81	1.06
2	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (No. of Shares)	2,48,219	2,48,219
3	Earnings per Share (basic and diluted) (Rs.)	0.33	0.43
4	Nominal Value per share (Amount in Rs.)	10	10





UFO Software Technologies Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements for the Period Ended 30th September, 2024

Note: 13 Related Party Disclosure (In accordance with Ind AS 24)

Related Parties

Name	Relationship
UFO Moviez India Limited	Holding Company
Ashish Sadanand Malushte	Director
Sushil Kumar Agrawal	Director
Rajesh Bhagwati Mishra	Director

Note: 14 Segment Reporting

The company is primarily engaged in only one business segment i.e. digital conversion fees and only one geographical segment i.e. INDIA. Accordingly, the Company has only one identifiable segment reportable under Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" (Segment Reporting).

Note: 15 Details of dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

Based on information available with the management, there is no amount due to micro, small scale and medium enterprises as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Note: 16 Ratio Analysis and its elements

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	30th September, 2024	31st March, 2024	% change	Reason for variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	15.52	15.29	1.48%	-
Debt- Equity Ratio	Total Debt (Borrowings)	Shareholder's Equity			•	
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non- cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments				
Return on Equity ratio (%)	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	2.06%	2.76%	-0.70%	
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory				
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable				
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net purchases = (Gross purchases + other expenses)- purchase return (As credit and non- credit purchases	Average Trade Payables	1.51	3.41	-55.83%	Change is due to decrease in trade payables
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets – Current liabilities				
Net Profit ratio (%)	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return			-	
Return on Capital Employed (%)	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	-0.61%	-2.54%	1.93%	
Return on Investment (%)	Interest (Finance Income)	Investment	3.72%	7.17%	-3.45%	

Note: 17 Contingent Liability

The company does not have any contingent liability except for a demand as reflected on traces portal under TAN no. of the company for the FY 2007-08 amounting to Rs. 3.67 Lacs & Rs. 1.46 Lacs (excluding Interest) pertaining to Income Tax for AY 2009-2010. The company has not specifically received any notice for the said demand. However, the management will look into the reason and attempt to rectify the same.

Note: 18 Special Purpose for Interim Financial Statements

On June 03, 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company approved proposed Scheme of Arrangement for Amalgamation Amongst Scrabble Digital Limited ("SDL" or "Transferor Company 1") and UFO Software Technologies Private Limited ("USTPL" or "Transferor Company 2") with UFO Moviez India Limited ("UFO" or "Transferoe Company") and their respective shareholders (the "Scheme") under Sections 230 to 232 read with Section 66 and Section 52 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 from appointed date April 01, 2024. The Scheme has been approved by Stock Exchanges and now pending before National Company Law Tribunal; The Company has prepared interim condensed financial statements for the period ended 30th September 2024 as special purpose financial statements in connection with the Scheme.

Note: 19 Additional Regulatory Information

i) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in the name of company - There are no Immovable Properties in the name of Company.

ii) Revaluation of Property Plant and Euipment and Right-of-Use Assets

The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets).

iii) Loans or Advances in nature of loans granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (severally or jointly)

The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) either severally or jointly with any other person, that are: (a) repayable on demand, or (b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

iv) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

The Company does not have any capital-work-in progress. Therefore, this disclosure is not applicable.

v) Intangible assets under development

The Company does not have any intangible asset under development. Therefore, this disclosure is not applicable.

vi) Details of Benami Property held

No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

vii) The Company does not have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

The company has not availed any loans or borrowings from banks or financial institutions and therefore has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

ix) Relationship with Struck off Companies

The company do not have any transactions or balances with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

x) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company has not availed any secured loan. Therefore, registration or satisfaction of charges with the Registrar of Companies (ROC) is not applicable.

xi) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017, therefore, no additional disclosure is required under this clause.

xii) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

The company is not under any scheme of Arrangements as prescribed under sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, there is no effect of such schemes in the books of accounts as at end of the year.

xiii) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

(A) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Internediaries).

(B) The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party).

xiv) Undisclosed Income

The Company does not have any transaction in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

xv) Corporate Social Responsibility - The provisions of CSR is not applicable to the Company.

xvi) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not been traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

In the opinion of the Board and to the best of their knowledge and belief, the value on realization of current assets, loans and Advance in the ordinary course of business would not be significantly less than the amount at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet.

For Shetty Naik & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 124851W

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of UFO Software Technologies Private Limited

CIN: U74899MH2005PTC284653

CA Jagdish Shetty

Partner Membership No. 111936

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

ewell Ashish Sadanand Malushte

Director

DIN No.00024923

Place: Mumbai Date: 19th November, 2024 Sushil Agrawa

Director

DIN No.00003163 Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th November, 2024

PR-P